Tsleil-Waututh Nation COMMUNITY CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCE PLAN

Sarah Dal Santo, RPP, MCIP, Tsleil-Waututh Nation Robin Hawker, RPP, MCIP, Kerr Wood Leidal

Supported with funding from:















Outline

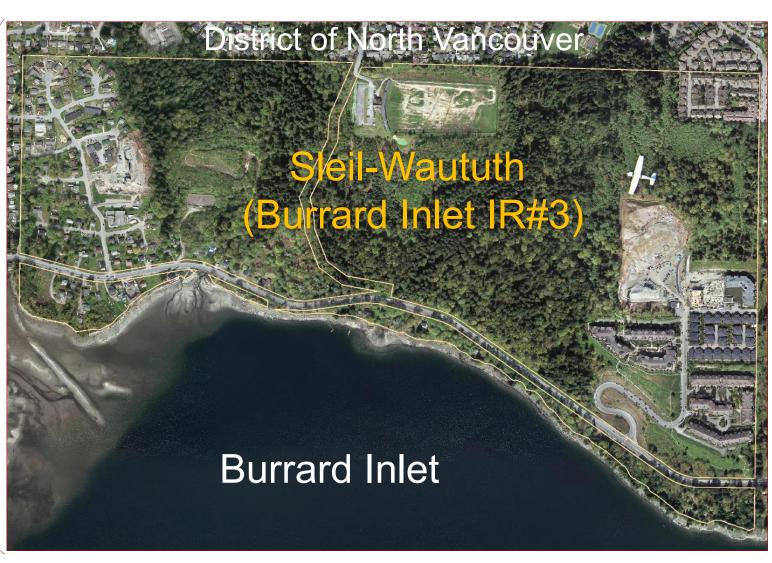


2. About the Project

- Phase 1: Vulnerability Assessment
- Phase 2: Resilience Plan
- 3. Lessons Learned

Tsleil-Waututh Nation: People of the Inlet







Climate Change Impacts Today



Cedar die-back; Wildfire smoke



Flooding at creek crossings



Changing ocean conditions (e.g. temp., pH, salinity) + urban water quality issues



Coastal storms & flooding



Coastal erosion



Culture of Environmental Stewardship



Climate Change Summit Summer 2018



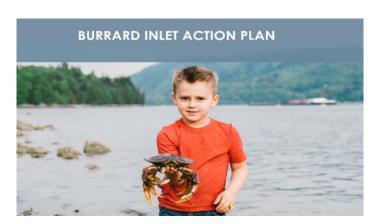
High Efficiency New Administration Bldg



Youth & Community
Art Project



Community Shellfish Restoration



Burrard Inlet Action Plan October 2017



Community Solar Panel



About the Project



Vulnerability Assessment Phase 1



HAZARD e.g. storm surges

Assess the Hazard

What might major

events and climate

change look like in

our region?



ELEMENTS e.g. house

POTENTIAL IMPACT

e.g. property damage

Define the Focus

What and who will be impacted?

Assess Impacts

How could hazards affect our lands and community? What are our priorities?

Action Plan Phase 2



ADAPTATION ACTIONS

e.g. raised homes

Adaptation

What actions should we take to minimize or offset impacts?

Implementation Phase 3



AND
MONITORING
e.g. water levels

Putting our Plan into Action

Are we meeting our goals?



Project Approach

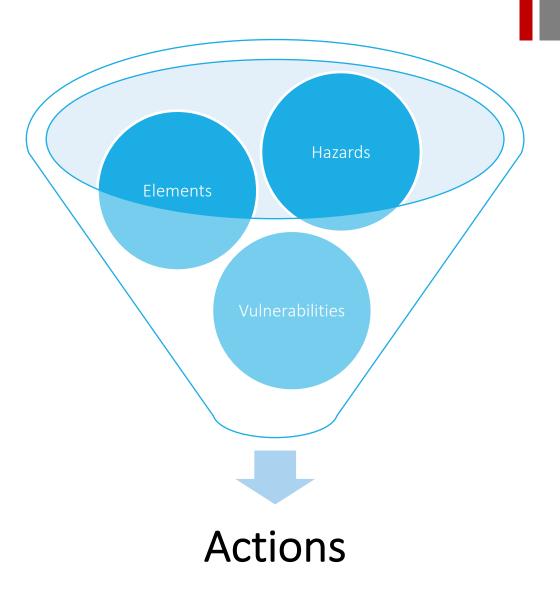
Phase 1 – Defining Hazards & Elements

Screening Assessment

Detailed Hazard & Vulnerability Assessment

Phase 2 – Setting a Vision & Goals

"Long-List" & Priority Actions





Values-Base Approach: Guiding the Methodology





TWN Steering Committee & Project Manager

Ongoing meetings & comment on deliverables to guide project

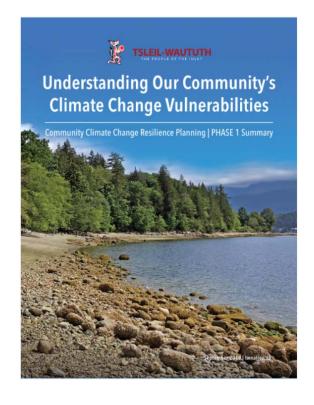
TWN Community Members

TWN Climate Summit
Community Art Project Land
Use Plan Film Screening
Youth & Elder Shoreline Tour
Climate Change Video

PHASE 1: Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment

- What are the climate change hazards that will potentially impact the TWN community?
- What aspects of the community ("elements") should the vulnerability assessment focus on?
- What are our most vulnerable elements?





Step 1

Hazard Assessment

Step 2 **Define Elements**

Step 3

Vulnerability Assessment



Analytical Assessment













Literature Review Assessment











OCEAN ACIDIFICATION



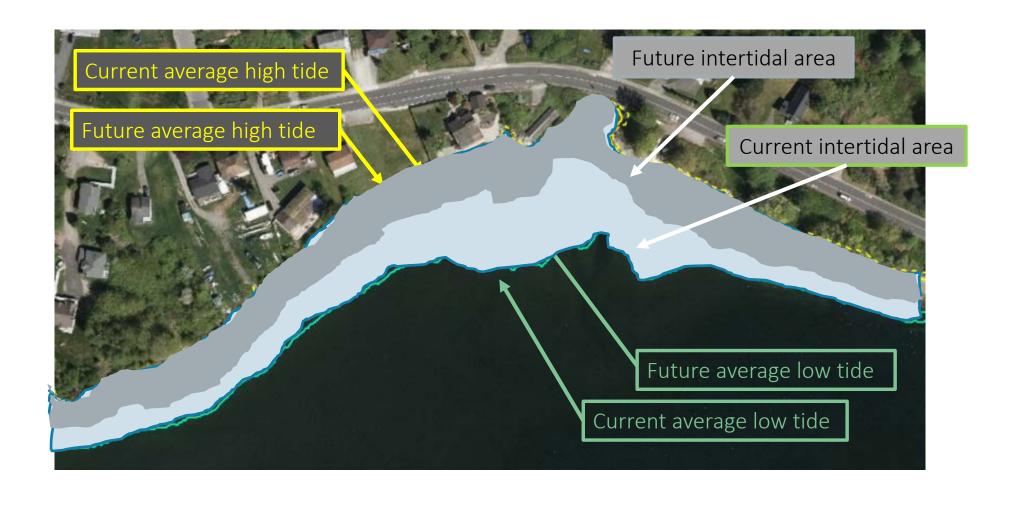




Step 1
Hazard Assessment

Step 2 **Define Elements**

Step 3 **Vulnerability Assessment**





Step 1 **Hazard Assessment**



Total estimated net intertidal area change: -20% (16 ha)





Ecological Systems (e.g., impacts to shellfish and beaches)



Land Use & Real Estate (e.g., community housing and buildings)



Infrastructure & Community Services (e.g., water infrastructure and emergency services)



Economy (e.g., employment and business assets)



Community & Cultural Health (e.g., physical health and well-being)



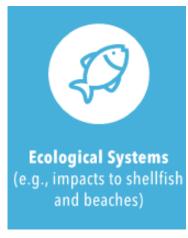
Heritage Sites (e.g., archaeological sites and community cemetery)

Archaeological & Cultural



Step 2 Define Elements

Step 3 Vulnerability Assessment



- Shellfish
- Salmon
- Forage fish
- Other finfish
- Marine birds and waterfowl
- Marine and semi-aquatic mammals
- Beaches and shorelines
- Tidelands and marine habitats
- Marine water quality
- Upland wildlife
- Forested areas & medicinal plants
- Freshwater creeks, streams, wetlands, groundwater
- Air quality



- Water and distribution system
- Wastewater collection system
- Stormwater system
- Roads & emergency access
- Energy and telecommunication systems









HAZARD e.g. storm surges

ELEMENTS e.g. house

POTENTIAL
IMPACT
e.g. property damage

Assess the Hazard

What might major events and climate change look like in our region?

Define the Focus

What and who will be impacted?

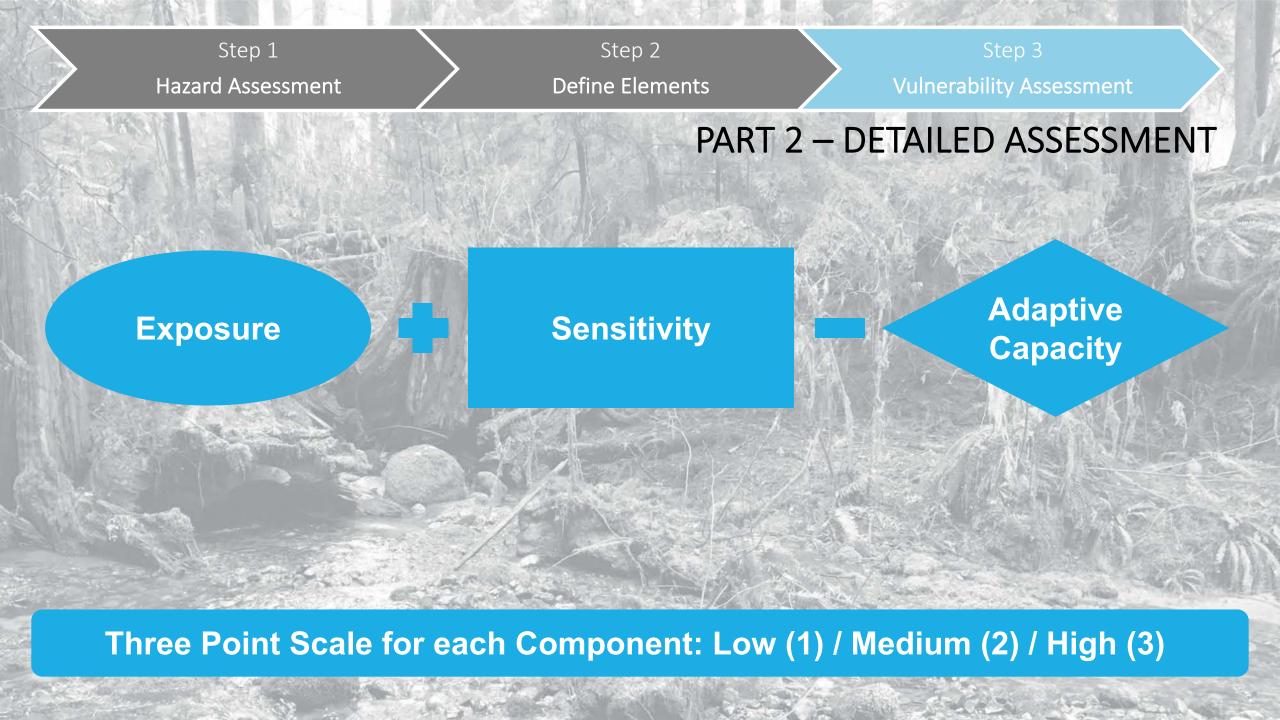
Assess Impacts

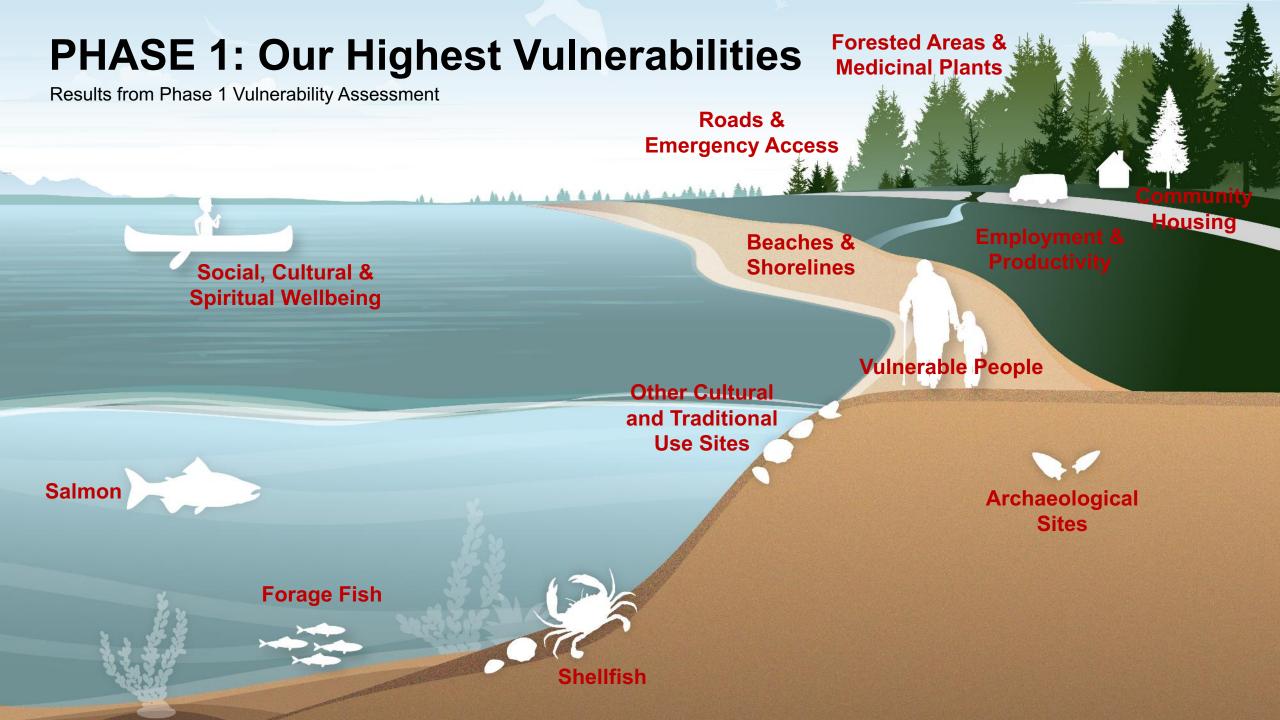
How could hazards affect our lands and community? What are our priorities?



PART 1 – SCREENING ASSESSMENT

			Coastal Flooding	Coastal Erosion	Intertidal Area Change	Ocean Acidification	Harmful Algai Blooms	Other Ocean Conditions	Creek Flooding	Creek Erosion	Urban Flooding	Extreme Heat Events	Wildfire	Vector-Borne Diseases	Invasive Species	OUR MOST
SECTOR ELEMENT		SEA LEVEL RISE			OCEAN CHANGES			PRECIPITATION CHANGE			TEMPERATURE CHANGE				VULNERABLE ELEMENTS #	
		Shellfish		Med	High	High	Med	High		Low					Med	1
		Salmon			High	Med	Med	High	Med	Low					Med	1
		Forage fish		Med	High	Med	Med	High							Med	1
		Other finfish			Med	Med	Med	High							Med	
		Marine birds and waterfowl		Low	High	Med	Low	High								
		Marine and semi-aquatic mammals		Low	Med	Med	Low	Med				Low				
\$3	Ecological Systems	Beaches and shoreline	Med	High	High	Med				Med		Low	Med		Med	1
ľ	Systems	Tidelands and marine habitats	Med	Low		Med		High				Low	Med Me	Med		
		Marine water quality	Low	Low			Med	High	Med	Low	Med	Low				
		Upland wildlife	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low		Med	High			
		Forested areas and medicinal plants	Med	Med					Low	Low		High	High		Med	1
		Freshwater creeks, streams, wetlands, and groundwater	Med	Low					Med	Low	Med	High	Low			
		Air quality										High	High			
		Near-shore lands	Low	Low					Low	Low	Med		Med		Med	
		0	227 25					7,0000	7	10206		26. 2		17414 1741		





PHASE 2: Community Climate Change Resilience Plan



- What will a climate resilient community look like in the future?
- What adaptation actions will we take to build resilience over the next 10 years?
- How will we implement our plan?









Setting our Vision	Identifying our Options	Defining Priorities	Writing the Plan
October - November 2019	December - January 2020	February 2020	March 2020

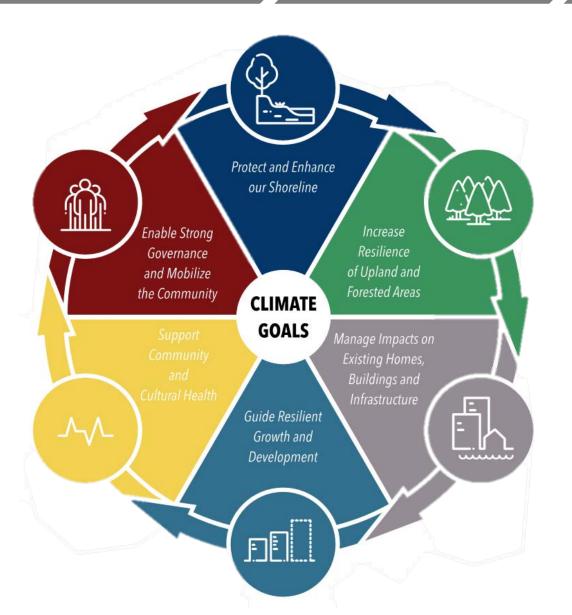


Step 1
Setting our Vision

Step 2
Identifying Options

Step 3 **Defining Priorities**

Step 4
Writing the Plan





Step 1
Setting our Vision

Step 2

Identifying Options

Step 3 **Defining Priorities**

Step 4
Writing the Plan

"Long-List" of Potential Adaptation Strategies									
Goal	Adaptation Strategies								
G1. Protect and enhance our	Strategy 1.1 Understand Shoreline Dynamics								
shoreline, including coastal and marine habitats, waterfront	Strategy 1.2 Reduce Shoreline Erosion								
homes and infrastructure, and cultural places.	Strategy 1.3 Protect Community Spaces from Coastal Flooring								
curturui piaces.	Strategy 1.4 Preserve Intertidal and Manue Habitats								
G2. Increase the resilience of natural spaces and habitats in	Strategy 2.1 Support Heal by Jorests and Oven Spaces								
upland and forested areas.	Strateg 2.2 Support Healthy Creek & Aquatic Habitats								
C2 Managa slimata shanga	Strategy 3.1 Strengthen TWN-owned infrastructure resilience to climate change impacts								
G3. Manage climate change impacts on existing homes,	Strategy 3.2 Support Resilient Buildings								
buildings, and critical infrastructure.	Strategy 3.4 Integrated Watershed Management								
	Strategy 3.5 Build Community Resilience to Wildfires								

Step 1

Setting our Vision

Step 2

Identifying Options

Step 3 **Defining Priorities**

Writing the Plan

Step 4

Structural Works

Policy, Planning, and Partnerships

Education

Resilient
Infrastructure &
Nature-Based
Concepts

Community Preparedness

Scientific and Traditional Knowledge



Lessons Learned – Values-Based Approach



 Community values provide a starting point - Focus on what members care most about

3. Understanding community goals and what we're working toward

3. Community engagement (working group, building awareness, sustaining interest)





Lessons Learned

- 4. Vulnerability-based Approach enabled indigenous lens
- 5. Multi-disciplinary team for detailed hazard analysis and adaptation approaches
- 6. Climate change opportunities (co-benefits)
- 7. Moving from planning to action
- 8. Managing costs of adaptation





Want to learn more?

July 2018 TWN Climate Change Summit Presentations

https://twnation.ca/climate-summit/

Phase 1 Summary Report (Technical Report pending)

https://tinyurl.com/to63tyz







Thank You

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Climate Adaptation Planning Lead
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Example Vulnerability Assessment

Element: SHELLFISH

SIGNIFICANT HAZARD	EXPOSURE	+ SENSITIVITY	- <	ADAPTIVE CAPACITY	=	VULNERABILITY
INTERTIDAL AREA CHANGE	High (3)	Moderate (2)		Moderate (2)		Moderate (3)
OCEAN ACIDIFICATION	High (3)	High (3)		Low (1)		High (5)
OTHER OCEAN HAZARDS	High (3)	High (3)		Low (1)		High(5)
	13					





PHASE 1 – Step 3: Vulnerability Assessment - Example

			Coastal Flooding	Coastal Erosion	Intertidal Area Change	Ocean Acidification	Harmful Algai Blooms	Other Ocean Conditions	Creek Flooding	Creek Erosion	Urban Flooding	Extreme Heat Events	Wildfire	Vector-Borne Diseases	Invasive Species	OUR MOST
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	Systems	Tidelands and marine habitats	Med	Low		Med		High				Low		Med Med Med Med Med Med Med Med Med		
		Marine water quality	Low	Low			Med	High	Med	Low	Med	Low				
		Upland wildlife	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low		Med	High			
		Forested areas and medicinal plants	Med	Med					Low	Low		High	High		Med	1
		Freshwater creeks, streams, wetlands, and groundwater	Med	Low					Med	Low	Med	High	Low			
		Air quality										High	High			
		Near-shore lands	Low	Low					Low	Low	Med		Med		Med	
		TWN community housing	(2)	220 20					Transfe 1	V	1627 8		100 0		100	



